

GENERAL KNOWLEDGE

1. Who among the following proposed the creation of a Preamble before the creation of Drafting Committee?
(a) B N Rau (b) Jawaharlal Nehru
(c) Sardar Patel (d) B R Ambedkar
2. Who among the following was elected President of India unopposed?
(a) Dr. Rajendra Prasad (b) Dr. S Radha krishnan
(c) Dr. Neelam Sanjeeva Reddy (d) K R Narayanan
3. The Speaker of the Lok Sabha can resign his office by addressing his resignation to
(a) the President (b) the Prime Minister
(c) the Deputy Speaker of the Lok Sabha (d) the Chief Justice of India
4. When the offices of both the President and the Vice-President of India are vacant, who will discharge their functions?
(a) Prime Minister (b) Home Minister
(c) Chief Justice of India (d) Speaker
5. The Universal donor group of blood is:
(a) O (b) A
(c) B (d) AB
6. Virus
(a) Is a computer program that copies itself into other programs and spreads through multiple computers
(b) Are often designed to damage a computer intentionally by destroying or corrupting its data
(c) Both A and B
(d) None of the above
7. The National Anthem was first sung at this session of the Indian National Congress in 1911
(a) Pune (b) Calcutta
(c) Lucknow (d) Ahmedabad
8. Platelets are found in
(a) Lymph (b) Blood
(c) Pancreatic juice (d) Bile

9. Who is called the 'Nightingale of India'?
- (a) Vijay Lakshmi Pandit (b) Sarojini Naidu
(c) Aruna Asaf Ali (d) Sucheta Kriplani
10. The Upper House of Parliament is known as
- (a) Parliament House (b) Rashtrapati Bhawan
(c) Rajya Sabha (d) Lok Sabha
11. The first woman judge to be appointed to Supreme Court was
- (a) Rani Jethmalani (b) Anna George Malhotra
(c) M. Fathima Beevi (d) Leila Seth
12. Sania Nehwal is a famous name in
- (a) Swimming (b) Weightlifting
(c) Badminton (d) Boxing
13. ATM means
- (a) Any time Marketing (b) Any time money
(c) Any time Machine (d) Automated Teller Machine
14. PIL stands for
- (a) Public interest litigation (b) Public Information law
(c) Primary Insurance Law (d) Patient of International Law
15. MRTTP stands for
- (a) Market Research Technique Process
(b) Monopolies and Restrictive trade practices
(c) Member of Restrictive Trade practices
(d) Measurement and Research of Testing process
16. Servers are computers that provide resources to other computers connected to a
- (a) Mainframe (b) Network
(c) Supercomputer (d) Client
17. URL stands for
- (a) Universal research List (b) Universal Resource List
(c) Uniform resource Location (d) Uniform research Locator
18. For creating a document, you use command at File Menu.
- (a) Open (b) Close
(c) New (d) Save

19. Which of the following can be used to select the entire document?
(a) CTRL+A (b) Alt+F5
(c) SHIFT+A (d) CTRL+K
20. A Web site's main page is called its
(a) Home Page (b) Browser Page
(c) Search Page (d) Bookmark
21. Junk e-mail is also called
(a) Spam (b) Spoof
(c) Cookie Crumb (d) Sniffer script
22. Name the cricket team that won the Indian Premier League-7:
(a) Chennai Super King (b) Kolkata Knight Riders
(c) Rajasthan Royals (d) Kings XI Punjab
23. Name of the new speaker of Lok Sabha
(a) Meira Kumar (b) Sumitra Mahajan
(c) Km. Shailija (d) P.A. Sangma
24. VK Rajah, an Indian-origin judge Justice has been appointed as the new attorney general of which of the following countries recently?
(a) Singapore (b) Malaysia
(c) Indonesia (d) US
25. Who inaugurated Bhartiya Mahila Bank?
(a) Dr. Manmohan Singh (b) A.P.J Abdul Kalam
(c) Hamid Ansari (d) Narendra Modi
26. One rupee note bears the signature of
(a) President of India (b) vice President of India
(c) Finance Secretary (d) Finance Minister
27. What is Linux?
(a) Input Device (b) Storage Device
(c) Operating System (d) Output Device
28. What is the sanctioned strength of judges in the apex court, including the Chief Justice?
(a) 27 (b) 29
(c) 31 (d) 33

29. Formulas in Excel start with
(a) % (b) =
(c) + (d) –
30. To print a document, press _____, then press Enter.
(a) SHIFT+P (b) CTRL+P
(c) ALT+P (d) ESC+P
31. In Windows Environment CTRL+V is used to
(a) Copy (b) Paste
(c) Cut (d) Undo
32. In a spreadsheet, a _____ is a number you will use in a calculation.
(a) Label (b) Cell
(c) Field (d) Value
33. To move at the beginning of a line of text, press _____ key
(a) Home (b) Enter
(c) Tab (d) Page Up
34. Find the odd one out.
(a) Scanner (b) Mouse
(c) Keyboard (d) Printer
35. To protect the computer from hacker intrusions, _____ must be installed.
(a) Firewall (b) Mailer
(c) Script (d) Yahoo Messenger
36. Negotiable Instrument Act 1881 is an important law which related to
(a) Banking (b) Stock Market
(c) Mutual Funds (d) Insurance
37. FDI refers to
(a) Fixed Deposit Interest (b) fixed Deposit Investment
(c) Foreign Direct Investment (d) Future Derivative Investment
38. Name the India's first nuclear plant to generate 1000 MW power.
(a) Kudan kulam Nuclear Power Plant (b) Jaitapur Nuclear Power Project
(c) Tarapur Power Plant (d) Kalpakkam Power Plant

39. Who has been sworn-in as first Chief Minister of Telangana?
(a) Chandrababu Naidu (b) N Kiran Kumar Reddy
(c) Chandrashekhar Rao (d) Y J Rajashekhar Reddy
40. Who has been sworn-in as first woman Chief Minister of Gujarat?
(a) Anandi Bhen Patel (b) Margaret Alva
(c) Suchet Kriplani (d) Meera Kumari
41. Who is the Chief Minister of Bihar?
(a) Jitin Ram Manjhi (b) Anandi Bhen Kumari
(c) Naveen Patnaik (d) Nitish Kumar
42. What does 'CJM' stands for
(a) Chief Justice Mumbai (b) Chief Justice Magistrate
(c) Chief Judicial Magistrate (d) Civil Judge Magistrate
43. Who is the senior most Judge in a District.
(a) Chief Judicial Magistrate (b) Civil Judge (Sr. Divn.)
(c) District & Sessions Judge (d) Civil Judge
44. Clyde was the official mascot of the 2014 Commonwealth Games. What is it?
(a) A River (b) A Thistle
(c) A Bird (d) A Farmer's Hat
45. Balloons are filled with which gas?
(a) Nitrogen (b) Helium
(c) Oxygen (d) Argon
46. Who led the Indian contingent at the Parade of Nations at the opening ceremony of the 2014 commonwealth Games on 23 July 2014?
(a) Vijay Kumar (b) Sania Mirza
(c) Sunil Kumar (d) Sania Nehwal
47. In Budget 2014-15, Income tax exemption limit is increased by ₹ 50000 to ____
(a) ₹ 2 Lakh (b) ₹ 2.25 Lakh
(c) ₹ 2.5 Lakh (d) ₹ 3 Lakh
48. The Directive Principles are
(a) Justiciable the same way as the fundamental rights.
(b) Justiciable though not the same way as the fundamental rights.
(c) Decorative portions of the Indian Constitution.
(d) Not justiciable, yet fundamental in the governance of the country.

49. Who said that the Supreme Court in India has the highest powers which no other court in the world possess?
(a) Mahatma Gandhi (b) Jawahar Lal Nehru
(c) Sardar Vallabh Bhai Patel (d) Alladi Krishna Swamy Iyer
50. Indira Swahney Vs. Union of India is a case popularly known as
(a) Ayodhya Judgment (b) Mandal Judgment
(c) Suicide Judgment (d) Election Commission Judgment
51. Name of the High Court in India, which has maximum sanctioned post of judges?
(a) Allahabad High Court (b) Bombay High Court
(c) Calcutta High Court (d) Madras High Court
52. How many Articles are in Constitution of India?
(a) 444 (b) 445
(c) 356 (d) 354
53. Who was the first Law Minister of India?
(a) Dr. B.R Ambedkar (b) Rafi Ahmed Kidwai
(c) Maulana Abulkalam Azad (d) Vallabhbhai Patel
54. Which button was added in EVM after decision of "Right to Cast Negative Vote" in election process?
(a) NOTA (b) LOTA
(c) POTA (d) None of these
55. Name of the person who first demanded "Right to Reject" in election process?
(a) Lok Manya Jai Prakash Narayan (b) Anna Hazare
(c) Kamal Lal (d) Arvind Kejriwal
56. Who is the 20th Law Commission's Chairperson?
(a) Former Justice Mr. D.K. Jain (Supreme Court of India)
(b) Former Justice Mr. A.P. Shah (Chief Justice of Delhi High Court)
(c) Former Chief Justice Mr. K.G Bal Krishanan (Supreme Court of India)
(d) Former Justice Mr. Sawtantar Kumar (Supreme Court of India)
57. In which landmark judgment did the Supreme Court of India lay down guidelines against sexual harassment of women at workplace?
(a) Nilabati Behera Vs. State of Orissa
(b) Vishakha Vs. State of Rajasthan
(c) Maneka Gandhi Vs. Union of India
(d) Hussainara Khatoon Vs. State of Bihar

58. Who is the author of the book "A Brief History of Time"?
- (a) Bill Bryson (b) Stephen Hawking
(c) Douglas Adams (d) Issac Assimov
59. Who is the present Prime Minister of Pakistan ?
- (a) Nawaz Sharif (b) Raja Pervez Ashraf
(c) Yousaf Raza Gillani (d) None of the above
60. The concept of 'Din-e-Elahi' was founded by which king?
- (a) Dara Shikoh (b) Akbar
(c) Sher Shah Suri (d) Shahjahan
61. The Great Hindu law was given by
- (a) Kapil (b) Kautilya
(c) Manu (d) None of these
62. 'Go back to the Vedas' was the motto of
- (a) Raj Ram Mohan Roy (b) Swami Vivekananda
(c) Swami Dayanand Saraswati (d) M.G. Ranade
63. Sericulture is
- (a) Science of the various kinds of serum
(b) Artificial rearing of fish
(c) Art of silkworm breeding
(d) Study of various cultures of a community
64. Adam's bridge connects
- (a) Israel and Jerusalem (b) Amman and Damascus
(c) Persian Gulf and Gulf of Oman (d) Dhanushkodi (Rameswaram) and Talaimannar
65. When does the moon come between the sun and the earth?
- (a) Lunar eclipse (b) Solar eclipse
(c) Sidereal day (d) Full moon day
66. The largest public sector bank in India is
- (a) Central Bank of India (b) Punjab National Bank
(c) State Bank of India (d) Indian Overseas Bank

67. The term 'devaluation' means
- (a) Reducing the value of a currency in terms of another currency
 - (b) Increasing the value of a currency
 - (c) Revising the value of a currency
 - (d) None of the above
68. The Supreme Court tenders advice to the President of India on a matter of law or fact
- (a) On its own
 - (b) only when such advice is sought
 - (c) Only if the matter relates to some basic issue
 - (d) Only if the issue poses a threat to the unity and integrity of the Country.
69. Which one of the following writs is issued by a court in case of illegal detention of a person?
- (a) Habeas corpus
 - (b) mandamus
 - (c) Certiorari
 - (d) Quo-warranto
70. The control of the preparation of electoral rolls for Parliament and Legislatures in India, vests with
- (a) Cabinet
 - (b) Prime Minister
 - (c) President
 - (d) Election Commission
71. Which of the following is nearest to earth?
- (a) Sun
 - (b) Moon
 - (c) Mercury
 - (d) None of these
72. The age of a tree, in years, can be ascertained by
- (a) Its weight
 - (b) its height
 - (c) The number of its annular rings
 - (d) length of its root
73. The first winner of 'Rajiv Khel Ratna Award' was
- (a) Geet Sethi
 - (b) Sachin Tendulkar
 - (c) Vishwanathan Anand
 - (d) Karnam Malleshwari
74. Who among the following has become the first woman in the world to swim across seven seas?
- (a) Bula Chowdhury
 - (b) Shikha Tandon
 - (c) Amanda Beard
 - (d) Arti Saha
75. The 'Last Supper' is a famous renaissance painting. It was a master piece of
- (a) Michael Angelo
 - (b) Leonardo da vinci
 - (c) Titian
 - (d) Raphael

76. Depreciation is
(a) An accounting necessity only (b) Tax necessity only
(c) Tax and accounting necessity (d) Tax, account and audit necessity
77. VAT was first introduced in which country?
(a) France (b) China
(c) US (d) India
78. Zero based budget is concerned with
(a) Present (b) Past
(c) Future (d) Remote future
79. Chandigarh was designed by
(a) Le Corbusier (b) Edward Lutyens
(c) Christopher (d) Michelongo
80. Todar Mal was associated with
(a) Music (b) Literature
(c) Land revenue reforms (d) Law
81. 'Jai Bhagwan' who has been chosen for prestigious Arjun Award, is an exponent of which of the following sports/events?
(a) Boxing (b) Badminton
(c) Squash (d) Kabbadi
82. Rabindranath Tagore's 'Jana Gana Mana' has been adopted as India's National Anthem. How many stanzas of the said song were adopted?
(a) Only the first stanza (b) The whole song
(c) Third and fourth stanza (d) First and second stanza
83. 'Natya - Shastra' the main source of India's classical dances was written by
(a) Narad Muni (b) Bharat Muni
(c) Abhinav Gupt (d) Tandu Muni
84. Who composed the famous song 'Sare Jahan Se Achha'?
(a) Jaidev (b) Mohammad Iqbal
(c) Bankim Chandra Chattopadhyay (d) Rabindranath Tagore
85. The ozone layer restricts
(a) Visibility (b) Infrared radiation
(c) X-rays and gamma rays (d) ultraviolet radiation

86. Durand Cup is associated with the game of
(a) Cricket (b) Football
(c) Hockey (d) Volleyball
87. Tipu sultan was the ruler of
(a) Hyderabad (b) Madurai
(c) Mysore (d) Vijayanagar
88. Which day is observed as World No Smoking Day?
(a) 15th July (b) 31st December
(c) 1st January (d) 31st May
89. Which of the following is not associated with the UNO?
(a) ILO (b) WHO
(c) ASEAN (d) All of these
90. The headquarters of UNESCO is at
(a) Rome (b) Geneva
(c) New York (d) Paris
91. Which of the following is used as the logo of the World Wide Fund for Nature (WWF)?
(a) Deer (b) Panda
(c) Camel (d) Lion
92. Which of the following countries is not a member of SAARC?
(a) Nepal (b) Bangladesh
(c) Afghanistan (d) Myanmar
93. First Indian to make a speech in Hindi before the UN General Assembly is
(a) Moraji Desai (b) A.B. Vajpayee
(c) Narendra Modi (d) Lal Krishna Advani
94. INTERPOL means
(a) International Political Conference (b) International Criminal Police Organisation
(c) International association of Police Officers (d) None of these
95. Ricky Ponting is also known as what?
(a) Rickster (b) Ponts
(c) Ponter (d) Punter

96. In which year did Milkha Singh win the first National title in the 400 m race?
(a) 1955 (b) 1956
(c) 1957 (d) 1970
97. The name Kunjarani Devi is associated with ____?
(a) Weight Lifting (b) Target shooting
(c) Athletics (d) Swimming
98. Who has scored the most Test hundreds ever?
(a) Steve Waugh (b) Sachin Tendulkar
(c) Shane Warne (d) Sunil Gavaskar
99. Which City is known as 'Electronic City of India'?
(a) Mumbai (b) Hyderabad
(c) Gurgaon (d) Bangalore
100. Who is the first Asian Winner of Nobel Prize?
(a) C.V.Raman (b) Rajiv Gandhi
(c) Rabindranath Tagore (d) Mother Teresa

ENGLISH (PART-I)

Directions: Choose the word opposite in meaning to the given word as your answer.

101. Minor
(a) Heavy (b) Tall
(c) Major (d) Big
102. Transparent
(a) Coloured (b) Childlike
(c) Opaque (d) Imminent
103. Pride
(a) Humility (b) Shame
(c) Humbleness (d) Debasement
104. Acquitted
(a) Entrusted (b) Convicted
(c) Burdened (d) Freed

105. Appointment
(a) Disappointment (b) Suspension
(c) Dismissal (d) Discharge

Directions: There are four different words out of which one is correctly spelt. Find the correctly spelt word and indicate it by blackening the appropriate oval/option in the Answer sheet.

106. (a) Commission (b) Comision
(c) Comission (d) Commision
107. (a) Commettee (b) Committe
(c) Comittee (d) Committee
108. (a) Defandant (b) Defendent
(c) Defandent (d) Defandant
109. (a) Acomodation (b) Accomodation
(c) Acommodation (d) Accommodation
110. (a) Parlimentary (b) Parliamentary
(c) Parlimentary (d) Parliamentery

Directions: In the following questions given below, out of the four alternatives, choose the one which best expresses the meaning of the given word as your answer.

111. Truncate
(a) Cancel (b) Act cruelly
(c) Cut off (d) end swiftly
112. Juvenile
(a) Childish (b) tedious
(c) Humorous (d) Pious
113. Error
(a) Blunder (b) Misadventure
(c) Ambiguity (d) Misgiving
114. Simulate
(a) Presume (b) Warn
(c) Imitate (d) Take
115. Predict
(a) Determine (b) Analyse
(c) Foretell (d) Describe

Directions: In the following questions, some parts of the sentence have errors and some have none. Find out which part of the sentence has an error. If there is no error, marks option (d) as an answer.

116. We all (a) / must respect (b) / a honest person. (c) / No error (d)
117. If I were him, (a) / I would have taught (b) / those cheats a lesson. (c) / No error (d)
118. They walked (a) / besides each other (b) / in silence. (c) / No error (d)
119. He is (a) / taller (b) / than me. (c) / No error (d)
120. My answer (a) / is different (b) / than yours. (c) / No error (d)

Directions: In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative, out of the four.

121. He aspires _____ the post of professor.
 (a) about (b) for
 (c) to (d) on
122. The neighbours are complaining _____ the smell in your kitchen.
 (a) of (b) against
 (c) about (d) for
123. We went to the seaside _____ car.
 (a) on (b) in
 (c) by (d) from
124. Come _____ 10 on Friday morning.
 (a) to (b) on
 (c) at (d) by
125. Please do have a thorough grasp _____ the problem.
 (a) from (b) of
 (c) at (d) to

Directions: In the following questions, a sentence has been given in Active Voice/ Passive Voice. Out of the four alternatives suggested, select the one which best expresses the same sentence in Passive / Active Voice.

126. His pocket has been picked.
 (a) They have his pocket picked.
 (b) Picking has been done to his pocket.
 (c) Picked has been his pocket.
 (d) Someone has picked his pocket.

127. Who is creating this mess?

- (a) Who has created this mess?
- (b) By whom has this mess been created?
- (c) By whom this mess is being created?
- (d) By whom is this mess being created?

128. I saw him leaving the house.

- (a) He had been seen leaving the house.
- (b) He was seen to be leaving the house.
- (c) Leaving the house he was seen by me.
- (d) He was seen leaving the house by me.

129. Why do you waste time?

- (a) Why is time wasted by you?
- (b) Why is time been wasted by you?
- (c) Why has time been wasted by you?
- (d) Why is time being wasted by you?

130. People claim to have seen the suspect in several cities.

- (a) The suspect is being seen in several cities.
- (b) The suspect has been the people in several cities.
- (c) The suspect is claimed to have been seen in several cities.
- (d) The suspect was seen by people in several cities.

Directions: In the following passage, some of the words have been left out. First read the passages and try to understand what it is about. Then fill in the blanks with the help of the alternatives given.

Passage

Do women _____ 131 _____ leadership differently than men do? And if so, will feminine leadership _____ 132 _____ where _____ 133 _____ leadership does not? A recent study suggests somewhat paradoxically that female managers _____ 134 _____ their male _____ 135 _____ even when the personal characteristics of both are very _____ 136 _____. Of the two schools of thought, the structuralist theory argues that men and women do not receive the same treatment in the work place and that stamping out _____ 137 _____ bias would stamp out the observed _____ 138 _____. In contrast, the specialization theory contends that men and women experience work differently because men see work as more _____ 139 _____ to their lives. These _____ 140 _____ explanations apart, today business appears to be undergoing a feminization of leadership.

- 131.(a) exercise
(c) authorize

- (b) undertake
(d) empower

- 132.(a) affect
(c) compete

- (b) succeed
(d) progress

- 133.(a) traditional
(c) masculine

- (b) charismatic
(d) benevolent

- 134.(a) out-live
(c) out-work
- (b) out-cast
(d) out-do
- 135.(a) employees
(c) managers
- (b) subordinates
(d) counterparts
136. (a) minimal
(c) unique
- (b) distinct
(d) similar
- 137.(a) employment
(c) gender
- (b) culture
(d) class
- 138.(a) variations
(c) resemblances
- (b) discriminations
(d) distortious
- 139.(a) needy
(c) preliminary
- (b) desperate
(d) central
- 140.(a) contradictory
(c) discriminating
- (b) corresponding
(d) analogical

Directions: Read the passage carefully and choose the best answer to each question, out of the four alternatives.

Passage

At this stage of the civilization, when many nations are brought into close and vital contact for good and evil, it is essential, as never before, that their gross ignorance of one another should be diminished, that they should begin to understand a little of one another's historical experience and resulting mentality. It is a fault of the English to expect the people of other countries to react as they do, to political and international situations. Our genuine goodwill and good intentions are often brought to nothing, because we expect other people to be like us. This would be corrected if we knew the history, not necessarily in detail but in broad outlines, of the social and political conditions which have given to each nation its present character.

- 141.The need for a greater understanding between nations
- (a) Will always be there
(b) Is more today than ever before
(c) Was always there
(d) Is no longer there
- 142.According to the author the 'mentality' of a nation is mainly a product of its
- (a) Present character
(b) Politics
(c) International position
(d) History

143. Englishmen like others to react to political situations like

- (a) Each other
- (b) Others
- (c) Themselves
- (d) Us

144. According to the author his countrymen should

- (a) Have vital contact with other nations
- (b) Not react to other nations
- (c) Have a better understanding of other nations
- (d) Read the history of the other nations

145. The Character of a nation is the result of its

- (a) Socio-political conditions
- (b) Gross ignorance
- (c) Cultural heritage
- (d) mentality

Directions: In each of the following questions, out of the four alternatives choose the one which can be substitute for the given words/sentence.

146. Detailed plan of a journey.

- (a) Travelogue
- (b) travel kit
- (c) Schedule
- (d) itinerary

147. The absence of law and order.

- (a) Rebellion
- (b) anarchy
- (c) Mutiny
- (d) revolt

148. Study of coins.

- (a) Optics
- (b) numismatics
- (c) Pneumatics
- (d) ceramics

149. Legal ending of a marriage so that husband and wife are free to marry again.

- (a) Misogamy
- (b) surrender
- (c) Divorce
- (d) desertion

150. A woman whose husband is dead.

- (a) Widow
- (b) widower
- (c) Wedlock
- (d) spinster

Directions: In each question, a part of sentence is printed in italics. Below each sentence, some phrases are given which can substitute the italicized part of the sentence. Find out the phrase which can correctly substitute that part of the sentence. If the sentence is correct as it is, the answer is 'No correction required' or 'No Improvement'.

151. *All his family members* are in Kanpur.

- (a) All of his family members.
- (b) All the family members of his
- (c) All the members of his family
- (d) No correction required

152. Since 1986, there *is* no earthquakes here.

- (a) have been
- (b) are
- (c) were being
- (d) No improvement

153. *The child* is father of *the man*.

- (a) A child, man
- (b) Child, a man
- (c) Child, man
- (d) No improvement

154. The doctor *examined* my pulse.

- (a) observed
- (b) saw
- (c) felt
- (d) No improvement

155. Columbus *invented* America.

- (a) searched
- (b) traced
- (c) discovered
- (d) No improvement

Directions: In each of the following questions, an idiomatic expression/ a proverb has been given, followed by some alternatives. Choose the one which best expresses the meaning of the given idiom/proverb.

156. To smell a rat

- (a) To detect bad smell
- (b) To misunderstand
- (c) To suspect a trick or deceit
- (d) to see hidden meaning

157. To hit below the belt

- (a) To work confidentially
- (b) to harm unfairly
- (c) To strike at the exact position
- (d) to hit the correct mark

158. To throw dust in one's eyes

- (a) To show false things
- (b) To make blind
- (c) To harm someone
- (d) To deceive

159. To be lost in the cloud

- (a) To meet with one's death
(c) To be concealed from view

- (b) to be perplexed
(d) to find oneself in a very uncomfortable position

160. To hit the jackpot

- (a) To gamble
(c) To inherit money

- (b) to make money unexpectedly
(d) To become bankrupt

English (Part-II)

Q.No. 1. Translate the following passage into English.

15 ਅਗਸਤ ਭਾਰਤ ਦੇ ਇਤਿਹਾਸ ਵਿਚ ਸਭ ਤੋਂ ਵੱਧ ਪਵਿੱਤਰ ਦਿਨ ਹੈ। ਇਸ ਦਿਨ ਹੀ ਹਜ਼ਾਰਾਂ ਸਾਲਾਂ ਦੇ ਵਿਦੇਸ਼ੀ ਜੂਏ ਤੋਂ ਦਾਸਤਾਂ ਦੀਆਂ ਜ਼ੰਜੀਰਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਤੋੜਿਆ ਗਿਆ ਸੀ ਅਤੇ ਇਸ ਦਿਨ ਹੀ ਧਰਤੀ ਦੇ ਕਰੋੜਾਂ ਸਪੂਤਾਂ ਦੀਆਂ ਕੁਰਬਾਨੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਫਲ ਲੱਗਾ ਸੀ। ਪਰ ਇਸ ਦਿਨ ਹੀ ਦੇਸ਼ ਦੀ ਵੰਡ ਹੋਈ ਸੀ ਅਤੇ ਇਸ ਦੇ ਨਾਲ ਇੰਨਾ ਖੂਨ-ਖਰਾਬਾ ਹੋਇਆ ਸੀ, ਜਿੰਨਾ ਕਿ ਸੰਸਾਰ ਦੇ ਇਤਿਹਾਸ ਵਿਚ ਪਹਿਲਾਂ ਕਦੇ ਨਹੀਂ ਹੋਇਆ ਸੀ। ਲੱਖਾਂ ਹੀ ਲੋਕ ਬੇਘਰ ਅਤੇ ਕੰਗਾਲ ਹੋ ਗਏ ਸਨ। ਇਸ ਦੇ ਬਾਵਜੂਦ ਕੋਈ ਵਿਅਕਤੀ ਵੀ ਇਸ ਦਿਨ ਦੀ ਮਹਾਨਤਾ ਤੋਂ ਇਨਕਾਰ ਨਹੀਂ ਕਰ ਸਕਦਾ। ਅਸੀਂ ਇਸ ਦਿਨ ਸਹੁੰ ਚੁੱਕਾਂਗੇ ਕਿ ਅਸੀਂ ਆਪਣੀ ਆਜ਼ਾਦੀ ਦੀ ਰੱਖਿਆ ਲਈ ਕੋਈ ਵੀ ਕੁਰਬਾਨੀ ਕਰਨ ਤੋਂ ਪਿਛਾਂਹ ਨਹੀਂ ਹਟਾਂਗੇ।

15 ਅਗਸਤ ਭਾਰਤ ਦੇ ਇਤਿਹਾਸ ਵਿਚ ਸਭ ਤੋਂ ਵੱਧ ਪਵਿੱਤਰ ਦਿਨ ਹੈ। ਇਸ ਦਿਨ ਹੀ ਹਜ਼ਾਰਾਂ ਸਾਲਾਂ ਦੇ ਵਿਦੇਸ਼ੀ ਜੂਏ ਤੋਂ ਦਾਸਤਾਂ ਦੀਆਂ ਜ਼ੰਜੀਰਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਤੋੜਿਆ ਗਿਆ ਸੀ ਅਤੇ ਇਸ ਦਿਨ ਹੀ ਧਰਤੀ ਦੇ ਕਰੋੜਾਂ ਸਪੂਤਾਂ ਦੀਆਂ ਕੁਰਬਾਨੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਫਲ ਲੱਗਾ ਸੀ। ਪਰ ਇਸ ਦਿਨ ਹੀ ਦੇਸ਼ ਦੀ ਵੰਡ ਹੋਈ ਸੀ ਅਤੇ ਇਸ ਦੇ ਨਾਲ ਇੰਨਾ ਖੂਨ-ਖਰਾਬਾ ਹੋਇਆ ਸੀ, ਜਿੰਨਾ ਕਿ ਸੰਸਾਰ ਦੇ ਇਤਿਹਾਸ ਵਿਚ ਪਹਿਲਾਂ ਕਦੇ ਨਹੀਂ ਹੋਇਆ ਸੀ। ਲੱਖਾਂ ਹੀ ਲੋਕ ਬੇਘਰ ਅਤੇ ਕੰਗਾਲ ਹੋ ਗਏ ਸਨ। ਇਸ ਦੇ ਬਾਵਜੂਦ ਕੋਈ ਵਿਅਕਤੀ ਵੀ ਇਸ ਦਿਨ ਦੀ ਮਹਾਨਤਾ ਤੋਂ ਇਨਕਾਰ ਨਹੀਂ ਕਰ ਸਕਦਾ। ਅਸੀਂ ਇਸ ਦਿਨ ਸਹੁੰ ਚੁੱਕਾਂਗੇ ਕਿ ਅਸੀਂ ਆਪਣੀ ਆਜ਼ਾਦੀ ਦੀ ਰੱਖਿਆ ਲਈ ਕੋਈ ਵੀ ਕੁਰਬਾਨੀ ਕਰਨ ਤੋਂ ਪਿਛਾਂਹ ਨਹੀਂ ਹਟਾਂਗੇ।

10 Marks

Q.No. 2 Write a paragraph in 200 words on any one of the given topics:

1. As you sow so shall you reap
2. My Ambition in Life

10 Marks